## CLAY LUMPS and FRIABLE PARTICLES IN AGGREGATE AASHTO T 112

## **APPARATUS**

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[ ] [ ] [ ]	Container that is rust-resistant and of a size and shape that will permit the spreading of the sample on the bottom in a thin layer Sieves Oven maintained at $230 \pm 9^{\circ}F$			
PROCEDURE				
[ ]	Weight of sample as follows:			
	Size of Particles Making <u>Up Test Sample</u>	Weight of Test Sample, Min. g		
	No. 4 to 3/8 in. 3/8 in. to 3/4 in. 3/4 in. to 1 1/2 in. Over 1 1/2 in.	1000 2000 3000 5000		
[ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]	Sample decanted in accordance with AASHTO T 11 Weight of sample determined Sample spread on bottom of container and covered with distilled water Sample soaked for $24 \pm 4$ h Particles rolled and squeezed individually between thumb and forefinger Broken particles separated from remainder of sample by wet sieving over sieve in following table until all material has been removed			
	Size of Particles  Making Up Sample  No. 4 to 3/8 in.  3/8 in. to 3/4 in.  3/4 in. to 1 1/2 in.  Over 1 1/2 in.	Sieve Size  No. 8  No. 4  No. 4  No. 4		
[ ]	Retained particles dried to constant Weight of sample determined	weight at $230 \pm 9$ °F		

<u>Ca</u> [	Percent of clay lumps and friable particles in individual size calculated correctly to 0.1% as follows:	es of coarse aggregate
P :	$= \frac{W - R}{W} \times 100$	
P = W	nere: = percent of clay lumps and friable particles = weight of test sample = weight of particles retained on designated sieve	
[	Total percent of clay lumps and friable particles weighted a sizes of coarse aggregate	verage of individual
X	A - Not Applicable - Requires Corrective Action - Satisfactory	
Acceptano	ce Technician	
INDOT		Date
Comment	S	